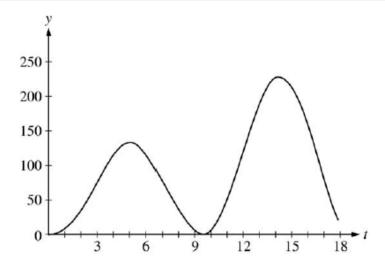
AP Calculus Practice Test Applications of the Fundamental Theorem of Calculus

The wind chill is the temperature, in degrees Fahrenheit (°F), a human feels based on the air temperature, in degrees Fahrenheit, and the wind velocity v, in miles per hour (mph). If the air temperature is 32°F, then the wind chill is given by $W(v) = 55.6 - 22.1v^{0.16}$ and is valid for $5 \le v \le 60$.

- (a) Find W'(20). Using correct units, explain the meaning of W'(20) in terms of the wind chill.
- (b) Find the average rate of change of W over the interval $5 \le v \le 60$. Find the value of v at which the instantaneous rate of change of W is equal to the average rate of change of W over the interval $5 \le v \le 60$.
- (c) Over the time interval $0 \le t \le 4$ hours, the air temperature is a constant 32° F. At time t = 0, the wind velocity is v = 20 mph. If the wind velocity increases at a constant rate of 5 mph per hour, what is the rate of change of the wind chill with respect to time at t = 3 hours? Indicate units of measure.



At an intersection in Thomasville, Oregon, cars turn left at the rate $L(t) = 60\sqrt{t} \sin^2\left(\frac{t}{3}\right)$ cars per hour over the time interval $0 \le t \le 18$ hours. The graph of y = L(t) is shown above.

- (a) To the nearest whole number, find the total number of cars turning left at the intersection over the time interval $0 \le t \le 18$ hours.
- (b) Traffic engineers will consider turn restrictions when $L(t) \ge 150$ cars per hour. Find all values of t for which $L(t) \ge 150$ and compute the average value of L over this time interval. Indicate units of measure.
- (c) Traffic engineers will install a signal if there is any two-hour time interval during which the product of the total number of cars turning left and the total number of oncoming cars traveling straight through the intersection is greater than 200,000. In every two-hour time interval, 500 oncoming cars travel straight through the intersection. Does this intersection require a traffic signal? Explain the reasoning that leads to your conclusion.