## Derivatives by the Limit Process #3 26-36

In Exercises 25–32, (a) find an equation of the tangent line to the graph of f at the indicated point, (b) use a graphing utility to graph the function and its tangent line at the point, and (c) use the derivative feature of a graphing utility to confirm your results.

**25.** 
$$f(x) = x^2 + 1$$
. (2.5)

**25.** 
$$f(x) = x^2 + 1$$
, (2,5) **26.**  $f(x) = x^2 + 2x + 1$ , (-3,4)

**27.** 
$$f(x) = x^3$$
, (2, 8)

**27.** 
$$f(x) = x^3$$
, (2, 8) **28.**  $f(x) = x^3 + 1$ , (1, 2)

**29.** 
$$f(x) = \sqrt{x}$$
,  $(1, 1)$ 

**30.** 
$$f(x) = \sqrt{x-1}$$
, (5, 2)

**31.** 
$$f(x) = x + \frac{4}{x}$$
, (4, 5)

**29.** 
$$f(x) = \sqrt{x}$$
, (1, 1)  
**30.**  $f(x) = \sqrt{x-1}$ , (5, 2)  
**31.**  $f(x) = x + \frac{4}{x}$ , (4, 5)  
**32.**  $f(x) = \frac{1}{x+1}$ , (0, 1)

In Exercises 33–36, find an equation of the line that is tangent to the graph of fand parallel to the given line.

Function

Line

33. 
$$f(x) = x^3$$
 $3x - y + 1 = 0$ 
34.  $f(x) = x^3 + 2$ 
 $3x - y - 4 = 0$ 
35.  $f(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}$ 
 $x + 2y - 6 = 0$ 
36.  $f(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{x-1}}$ 
 $x + 2y + 7 = 0$